Biderman's Chart of Coercion as Applied to Covid-19

In 1957 sociologist Albert Biderman developed a framework for understanding the methods foreign governments used to extract false confessions from American prisoners of war. This is Biderman's Chart as applied to how governments are using the same tactics in this fake pandemic to manipulate the masses.

METHOD	EFFECT AND PURPOSE	VARIANTS
Isolation	 deprive victims of social support forces focus on self increases time and resources spent on dependents 	 'shelter' at home no gatherings social distancing masks school closures
Monopolization of Perception	 control of information manufactured case-demic pushed as 'science' tell a big enough lie often enough, people will believe 	 control the media censorship discredit anti-narrative portray resistors as dangerous or deviant
Chastisement (Humiliation and Degradation)	reinforces isolationplays on need for acceptance	 social ostracization threat of job loss government announcements if you don't comply you're a 'bad person'
Exhaustion	weakens ability to resistencourages compliance in return for social acceptance	continued lockdowns, masks, isolation, threats, etc.
Threats	 creates anxiety encourages focus on self 	 tickets, fines, imprisonment, restriction of rights such as travel, shopping recruitment of business owners as enforcers recruitment of school authorities as enforcers neighbors reporting on neighbors
Occassional Indulgences	 held out as a reward for compliance gives false hope weakens resistance 	 temporary relaxations of rules illusory relaxation of rules, such as bars not being able to serve alcohol after 10 p.m.
Demonstrating Power	creates anxietyencourages focus on self	tickets, fines, imprisonment, restriction of rights such as travel and shopping, mandatory testing, mandatory vaccines, closing schools and businesses
Forcing Trivial or Nonsensical Demands	 reinforces habit of compliance encourages mindless obedience 	double maskssocial distancingnonsensical gathering limitationsglory holes